

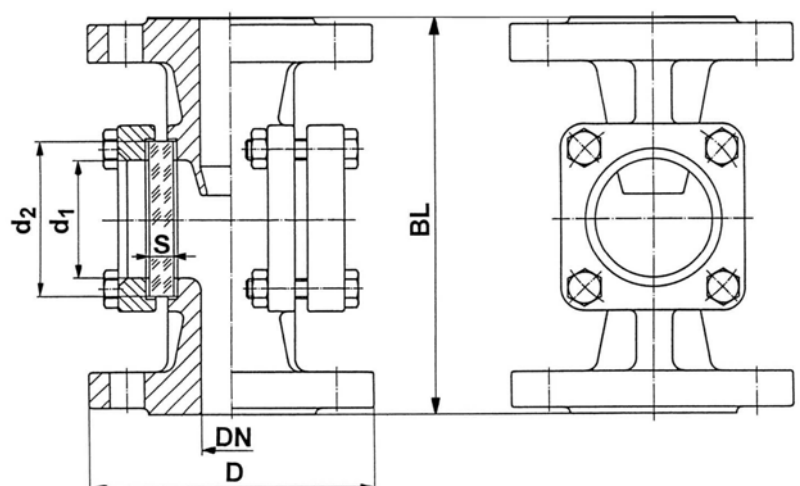
Installation and Maintenance Instructions

for

NORIS sight flow indicators

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1,0 Product description and intended purpose

NORIS sight flow indicators are built into piping's (flanged, screwed or welded). They serve to make possible the visual inspection of flowing through medium qualitatively and quantitatively for the operator. For this the sight flow indicator is provided with 2 opposite glass plates. For design, dimensions and materials see the corresponding data sheets. Before leaving our works, all NORIS sight flow indicators are examined acc. to DIN 3230 (or corresponding special arrangements) with 1.5 times nominal pressure for strength and with 2 to 6 bar of compressed air under water for thickness.

2,0 Risk and safety references

Very careful dealing with glass plates and NORIS sight flow indicators is required:

2,1 It must be guaranteed that all work on or with glass plates and NORIS sight flow indicators is done by trained personnel.

2,2 The valid safety regulations, especially for piping's under pressure and temperature, must be considered.

2,3 Before first starting up please follow the instructions mentioned under item 5!

2,4 For cleaning and maintenance please follow the instructions mentioned under item 6 and 7!

2,5 Installation and maintenance must be done exclusively in pressure less and cooled off condition. Shut off reliable supply pipes, in case of back pressure also waste pipes.

2,6 Please use only NORIS spare parts.

2,7 Attention: During operation, the NORIS sight flow indicators are under pressure and mostly hot! Maintenance during operation means danger of serious burning and cauterization by contact with the process fluid.

2,8 Please wear always safety eye glasses!

3,0 Storage and transport

The NORIS sight flow indicators are to be transported and stored in professionally packing. They must be kept dry and protected against dirt. Especially the glass plates must be protected against impact and scratching.

- Storage: From -10°C to +40°C in a clean and dry room.
 Period of storage: Max. 3 years. After that time the seals must be checked and possibly replaced.
- Lacquer finish: Cast iron and cast steel NORIS sight flow indicators are provided with a basic colour which is to protect the NORIS sight flow indicators against corrosion only during transport and storage. Therefore take care not to damage the colour. Condensation must be absolutely avoided.

Protective caps should be removed only shortly before installation.

4,0 Intended use and material selection

Operational area and material selection are subject to the responsibility of the operator and/or designer of the system.

4,1 Body material and seals

These must be selected carefully with consideration of the flowing through medium as well as the operating conditions (pressure and temperature).

4,2 Glass plates 4,2,1 Soda lime glass according to DIN 8902: max. 150°C 4,2,2 Borosilicate glass according to DIN 7080: max. 280°C 4,2,3 Within the very low temperature range there are no limits for the glass plates.

However AD-2000-Instruction W 10 for body and screw materials is to be considered. 4,2,4 Especially for desalinated condensate or steam mixture and pH values starting from 8 an additional protection by mica sheets is recommended.

4,3 Pressure - Temperature – Operational Limits

Operating temperature up to °C
 PN 16 / ANSI 150 lbs PN 25 PN 40 / ANSI 300 lbs

120	150	200	250	280
16				11
25	15 23	14 22	13 20	17
40	37	35	32	28

4,4 Attention:

The lowest value in the combination “body – seals – glass plates” decides the maximally permissible limit for temperature and pressure! If there is any doubt, please contact NORIS.

5,0 Installation and first starting up

5,1 Any installation position is possible (except design with flap: installation horizontal or vertical with flow from below upwards).

5,2 The casted or hit indication arrow for the flow direction is to be considered absolutely.

5,3 Before installation take care that pipings and NORIS sight flow indicators are free of dirt.

5,4 Transmission of piping tensions on the NORIS sight flow indicators due to the installation process is to be avoided

5,5 Remove protection caps only shortly before installation to avoid damages of the contact faces.

5,6 Installation

5,6,1 Flange connection Piping flanges have to be concentrically and parallel. Size of the flange and type of contact faces must fit the NORIS sight flow indicators (see DIN 2526). Distance of piping flanges = length of NORIS sight flow indicators plus twice seal strength. The connection screws must be tightened crosswise, gradually and steadily (see picture in item 7). The torques depend mainly to the used sealing material.

5,6,2 Thread connection The thread of the sight flow indicator must fit the external thread of the piping in thread type, size and lead. When screwing in, the NORIS sight flow indicators must be kept absolutely directly at the screwed end with a suitable fork wrench or pliers. Don't hold at the end of the sight glass covers on no account, because glass break is to be feared.

5,6,3 Welded sight glass fittings Before welding, the welded ends of the NORIS sight flow indicators and pipings are to be cleaned thoroughly and checked whether they fit to each other (diameter, welding chamfer etc.). Welding is to be done only by trained technical personnel with suitable welding methods and welding additives acc. to valid rules of technology. E-welding is to be preferred. Attention: Glass plates and seals should be taken off during the welding procedure or should be covered inside and outside to protect them against welding gases and welding splashes. See item 7 (replacement of glass plates)

5,7 First starting up

5,7,1 Before first starting up the torques of the fixing screws of the two cover flanges are to be checked and corrected (especially after a longer intermediate storage!). The torques and procedure described in item 7 (replacement of glass plates) are to be considered!

5,7,2 After the first load with pressure and temperature you can count on a certain "settling" of the seals. Therefore the fixing screws of the covers are to be checked once more in cold and pressureless condition (as described in item 7) and possibly corrected.

6,0 Maintenance and service

6,1 NORIS sight flow indicators don't require a special maintenance.

6,2 If the glass plates should be dirty at the outside, they can be cleaned carefully. The glass surface may not be scratched under any circumstances (stability loss!). Commercial cleaning agents, especially glass cleaning agents, may be used. Use only clean and soft cloth!

6,3 Inside dirtying of the glass plates may also be cleaned as described before. If the dirt sticks so tight on the glass plates that cleaning as described above is no more successful, the glass plates have to be replaced. Replacement is also necessary if they are corroded by flow or aggressive medium and show an erosive surface (stability loss!). When assembling the cleaned or replaced glass plates, new seals in suitable quality are to be used under all circumstances. See item 7 (replacement of glass plates) and item 2 (safety references).

6,4 General references: Although highly resistant, sight glass plates acc. to DIN 8902 and DIN 7080 are wearing parts with limited lifespan. This depends very much on the specific demand on operation. With rising temperatur and rising pH value of the medium the glass erosion increases exponentially. High glass erosion can have a very negative effect on the operational safety. Therefore both glass plates and seals are to be replaced, if there is a recognizable glass erosion. It is advisable to document the specific period of use of the glass plates, so that experience values of the lifespan in concrete case of operation can be collected. That way the punctual and routine replacement of the glass plates can be planned very well.

7,0 Replacement of glass plates

7,1 Attention: All work on glass plates has to be done by trained personnel in compliance with the safety instructions mentioned in item 2! Glass plates require very careful treatment!

7,2 Disassembly

7,2,1 Remove the fixing screws of the cover flanges in several steps and crosswise. Remove the cover flanges.

7,2,2 Remove the glass plates as well as the inside and outside seals.

7,2,3 Clean the sealing surface at the body as well as the bearing surface in the cover flange carefully from sealing remainders and check them on damages (scores, wash out, impact spots etc.). Both surfaces must be absolutely clean, flat and without damages!

7,3 New assembly

7,3,1 Lay down the new inside seal (at body side) and the new glass plate of correct size and quality exactly centrically. The seal may not project in the view diameter d_1 . The glass plate has to show a constant gap of approx. 1 to 1.5mm at the complete outside diameter. A contact between glass plate and metal body may not be under any circumstances! This would lead to damage and total breakdown of the glass plate due to different extension coefficients.

7,3,2 Lay down the outside seal (at cover side) and the cover flange exactly centrically on the glass plate. Between glass plate and cover flange the gap of approx. 1 to 1.5 mm mentioned above must also be absolutely guaranteed.

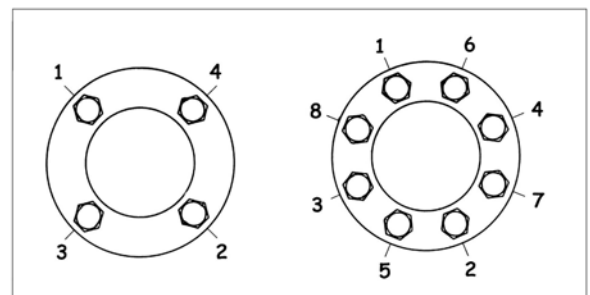
7,3,3 Screw in the fixing screws carefully and tighten them gently by hand. While doing so, all seals and the cover flange may not be shifted! Threads and bearing surfaces of the fixing screws have to be lubricated with temperature resistant thread paste (e.g OKS ANTI-Seize-Paste) before screwing in to avoid seizing of materials and guarantee defined friction values.

7,3,4 Now tighten all screws in several little steps and crosswise (acc. to the opposite picture) with a torque wrench to the torques mentioned in the below chart. All screws must show exactly the same torque to avoid glass tensions.

Torques of cover flange screws in [Nm] for lubricated screws and for standard seals made of graphite with stainless steel reinforcement:

Glass \varnothing d_2 in mm

45 63 80 100 125 150 175 200



View Ø d1 in mm	4 x M 8	4 x M 10	4 x M 12	4 x M 14	4 x M 16	8 x M 16
32	10	12				
48	12	20	23			
65		23	30		40	
80			42		70	35
100				65		50
125					100	60
150						80
175						90

Correction values for other sealing materials:

PTFE: above mentioned values x 0.5 Aramide fibre: above mentioned values x 0.7 Viton,
 Silicone, EPDM etc.: above mentioned values x 0.6 Other materials: on request

7,3,5 Second opposite glass plate side is to be disassembled and assembled again as described above.

7,3,6 Finally the sight glass fitting is to be checked for thickness (e.g. with compressed air/gas of approx. 2 bar under water).

7,3,7 After first restarting the cover flange screws must be controlled absolutely as described in item 5,7,2 in cold and pressureless condition to meet the "settling" of new seals.